

Computing Progression Pathways – National Curriculum Expectations

Year/ Points	Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
Year 5	<p>Understands that algorithms are implemented on digital devices as programs.</p> <p>Designs simple algorithms using loops, and selection i.e. ‘if’ statements.</p> <p>Uses logical reasoning to predict outcomes.</p> <p>Detects and corrects errors i.e. debugging, in algorithms.</p> <p>Uses arithmetic operators, ‘if’ statements, and loops, within programs.</p>	<p>Recognises that a range of digital devices can be considered a computer, and can use a range of input and output devices.</p> <p>Recognises different types of data eg: text, number.</p> <p>Recognises that data can be structured in tables to make it useful.</p> <p>Navigates the web and can carry out simple web searches to collect digital content.</p> <p>Uses technology with increasing independence to purposefully organise digital content.</p> <p>Uses a variety of software to manipulate and present digital content: data and information.</p> <p>Shares their experiences of technology in school and beyond the classroom.</p> <p>Talks about their work and makes improvements to solutions based on feedback received.</p>	<p>Demonstrates use of computers safely and responsibly, knowing a range of ways to report unacceptable content and contact when online.</p> <p>Shows an awareness for the quality of digital content collected.</p> <p>Recognises what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour when using technologies and online services.</p>
Year 6 27 (4S) End of KS2 Expected Standard	<p>Designs solutions (algorithms) that use repetition and two-way selection i.e. ‘if, then and else’</p> <p>Uses diagrams to express solutions.</p> <p>Uses logical reasoning to predict outputs, showing an awareness of inputs</p> <p>Creates programs that implement algorithms to achieve given goals.</p> <p>Declares and assigns variables.</p> <p>Uses post-tested loop e.g. ‘until’, and a sequence of selection statements in programs, including an: ‘if, then and else’ statement.</p> <p>Knows that computers collect data from various input devices, including sensors and application software.</p> <p>Understands the difference between hardware and application software, and their roles within a computer system.</p> <p>Understands the difference between the internet and internet service e.g. World Wide Web.</p>	<p>Understands the difference between data and information.</p> <p>Uses filters or can perform single criteria searches for information.</p> <p>Shows an awareness of, and can use a range of internet services e.g. VOIP (whats app/skype/face time)</p> <p>Collects, organises and presents data and information in digital content.</p> <p>Creates digital content to achieve a given goal through combining software packages and internet services to communicate with a wider audience</p> <p>Makes appropriate improvements to solutions based on feedback received, and can comment on the success of the solution</p>	<p>Makes judgements about digital content when evaluating and repurposing it for a given audience.</p> <p>Demonstrates responsible use of technologies and online services, and knows a range of ways to report concerns.</p> <p>Selects, combines and uses internet services.</p> <p>Understands the potential of information technology for collaboration when computers are networked</p>

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<p>Year 7</p> <p>33 (5S) STG's Y7 Expectation</p> <p>35 (5H) End of KS2 Mastery</p>	<p>Shows an awareness of tasks best completed by humans or computers.</p> <p>Designs solutions by decomposing a problem and creates a sub-solution for each of these parts.</p> <p>Recognises that different solutions exist for the same problem.</p> <p>Understands the difference between, and appropriately uses 'if' and 'if, then and else' statements.</p> <p>Uses a variable and relational operators within a loop to govern termination.</p> <p>Designs, writes and debugs modular programs using procedures.</p> <p>Knows that a procedure can be used to hide the detail with sub-solution.</p> <p>Understands why and when computers are used and the main functions of the operating system.</p> <p>Understands how to effectively use search engines, and knows how search results are selected, including that search engines use 'web crawler programs'.</p> <p>Recognises and understands the function of the main internal parts of basic computer architecture.</p> <p>Understands the concepts behind the fetch-execute cycle.</p> <p>Understands the Von Neumann architecture in relation to the fetch- execute cycle, including how data is stored in memory.</p> <p>Understands how bit patterns represent numbers and images.</p> <p>Knows that computers transfer data in binary.</p> <p>Performs simple operations using bit patterns e.g. binary addition.</p>	<p>Performs more complex searches for information e.g. using Boolean and relational operators.</p> <p>Analyses and evaluates data and information, and recognises that poor quality data leads to unreliable results, and inaccurate conclusions.</p> <p>Knows the difference between physical, wireless and mobile networks.</p> <p>Recognises the audience when designing and creating digital content.</p> <p>Uses criteria to evaluate the quality of solutions, can identify improvements making some refinements to the solution, and future solutions.</p> <p>Knows that there is a range of operating systems and application software for the same hardware.</p>	<p>Makes judgements about digital content when evaluating and repurposing it for a given audience.</p> <p>Demonstrates responsible use of technologies and online services, and knows a range of ways to report concerns.</p> <p>Recognises ethical issues surrounding the application of information technology beyond school.</p>

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<p>Year 8</p> <p>39 (6S)</p> <p>STG's Y8</p> <p>Expectation</p>	<p>Understands that iteration is the repetition of a process such as a loop.</p> <p>Recognises that different algorithms exist for the same problem.</p> <p>Represents solutions using a structured notation.</p> <p>Can identify similarities and differences in situations and can use these to solve problems (pattern recognition).</p> <p>Understands that programming bridges the gap between algorithmic solutions and computers.</p> <p>Has practical experience of a high-level textual language, including using standard libraries when programming.</p> <p>Uses a range of operators and expressions e.g. Boolean, and applies them in the context of program control.</p> <p>Selects the appropriate data types.</p> <p>Defines data types: real numbers and Boolean.</p> <p>Knows that digital computers use binary to represent all data.</p> <p>Understands how search engines rank search results.</p> <p>Understands how to construct static web pages using HTML and CSS.</p> <p>Understands the relationship between resolution and colour depth, including the effect on file size</p>	<p>Queries data on one table using a typical query language.</p> <p>Justifies the choice of and independently combines and uses multiple digital devices, internet services and application software to achieve given goals.</p> <p>Evaluates the trustworthiness of digital content and considers the usability of visual design features when designing and creating digital artefacts for a known audience.</p> <p>Designs criteria for users to evaluate the quality of solutions, uses the feedback from the users to identify improvements and can make appropriate refinements to the solution.</p>	<p>Recognises ethical issues surrounding the application of information technology beyond school.</p> <p>Uses technologies and online services securely, and knows how to identify and report inappropriate conduct.</p> <p>Identifies and explains how the use of technology can impact on society.</p>